

Safety Data Sheet*

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Date of issue: 06/19/2015 Revision date: 06/19/2015

Supersedes: 10/23/2012

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form Product name Mixture Drywall Joint and Patching Compounds

Quick Identifier Common Name (on label / list)	Packaging	Product Code
Fast Set 20	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000713
Fast Set 40	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000720
Fast Set 90	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000744
Fast Set 5 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000768
Fast Set 20 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000775
Fast Set 20 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000904
Fast Set 40 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000782
Fast Set 40 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000904
Fast Set 40 Lite	20 kg (44.1 lb) bag	89590000836
Fast Set 90 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000799
Fast Set 90 Lite	18 kg (39.7 lb) bag	89590000843
Fast Set 180 Lite	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000805
Fast Set 180 Lite	18 kg (39.7 lb) bag	895900000850
Smooth Set 20 Lite Sand	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	89590000812
Smooth Set 40 Lite Sand	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000904
Smooth Set 90 Lite Sand	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000911
Super Set Lite 20	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	89590000621
Super Set Lite 40	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000638
Super Set Lite 60	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000645
Super Set Lite 90	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	895900000652
Super Set 20	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000256
Super Set 40	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	89590000263
High Density 15	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	89590000812
High Density 20	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000676
High Density 40	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000683
High Density 90	25 lb (11.3 kg) bag	895900000706
Fast Set 5 Lite	4.5 lb (2 kg) box	895900000355
Fast Set 20 Lite	4.5 lb (2 kg) box	895900000379
Pro-Patch 5 Lite	8.2 kg (18.1 lb) bag	000516221807
Pro-Patch 20 Lite	8.2 kg (18.1 lb) bag	000516221852
Super Set Lite 20	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	000516221241
Super Set Lite 40	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	000516221258
Super Set Lite 60	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	000516221265
Super Set Lite 90	18 lb (8.2 kg) bag	000516221272
Ultra-Fill	15 kg (33.1 lb) bag	895900000591
Ultra-Ceil	15 kg (33.1 lb) bag	895900000737

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

xture : Drywall Joint Compound – for finishing and repair

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Hamilton Drywall Products	Phone number:	1-800-871-4998
295 N. Pekin Road	Fax number:	1-800-871-5007



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Woodland, WA, 98674

Website:

www.hamiltonnw.com

Emergency number	:	Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300
CTION 2: Hazards identificati	on	
2.1. Classification of the substance		
Classification (GHS-US) Carc. 1A H350 STOT RE 2 H373 Full text of H-phrases: see section	16	
2.2. Label elements		
GHS-US labeling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	:	
Signal word (GHS-US)	:	GHS08 Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	:	H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation) H373 - May cause damage to organs (lungs/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	:	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P260 - Do not breathe dust, mist, spray, vapors P280 - Wear appropriate PPE (See Section 8) P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national/international regulations
2.3. Other hazards		
Other hazards not contributing to the classification	:	Other constituents in this product are considered nuisance particles or dust. Exposure to dusts, mists or powders may cause mechanical irritation of the respiratory system, eyes, and skin Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (Respirable Fraction) has an OSHA PEL of 5 mg/m ³ (15 mppcf) TWA and ACGIH Guideline of 3 mg/m ³ TWA. Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (Total Dust) has an OSHA PEL of 15 mg/m ³ (50 mppcf) TWA and ACGIH Guideline of 10 mg/m ³ TWA.
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)	I	

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Crystalline Silica	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	< 5	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
(as an impurity of other ingredients/constituents)			Carc. 1A, H350
			STOT SE 3, H335
			STOT RE 2, H373



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Move the affected person away from the contaminated area and remove to fresh air. If breathing problems occur, a certified professional should administer oxygen or CPR if indicated. Seek immediate medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period while holding the eyelids wide open. If eye irritation or pain persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical advice in case of persistent discomfort. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and ef	fects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: There are potential chronic health effects to consider.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	 May cause cancer by inhalation. Long-term dust, mist, or spray exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disease. Persons who develop silicosis have greatly increased risks of developing tuberculosis and workers who are exposed to crystalline silica and smoke have increased risks of lung damage.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Direst contact may cause irritation, rash, or dry skin. Rubbing may intensify symptoms and create abrasions.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	 Particulate matter may scratch the cornea or cause other mechanical injury to the eye. Scratching or physical damage to the eyes can cause irritation, redness, pain, tear formation, blurred vision, and light sensitivity.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	 Not expected to be a significant route of entry. If ingestion occurs, mild temporary stomach discomfort may result.
Chronic symptoms	: Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica over a number of years can cause lung disease (silicosis) and increase the risks of developing respiratory cancer. Silicosis is a progressive fibrotic pneumoconiosis which greatly decreases the ability of the lungs to provide oxygen (decreased pulmonary capacity). The disease may progress even if the worker is removed from exposure. The extent and severity of lung injury depends on a variety of factors including particle size, percentage of silica, natural resistance, dust concentration and length of exposure. Symptoms of silicosis include phlegm, coughing, and characteristic x-rays.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None

SECTION 5: Firefighting mea 5.1. Extinguishing media	isures
Suitable extinguishing media	: Any. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture
Fire hazard Reactivity	Not flammable.Not reactive under normal use and conditions.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protection during firefighting	: Positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and structural firefighters' protective clothing will provide adequate protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release m	easures		
6.1. Personal precautions, protective e	6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
General measures	: Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation.		
6.1.1. For non-emergency pers	nnel		
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.		



CLEAN SPILLS.

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6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	:	Equip clean-up crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	:	Stay upwind. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning-up

For containment	: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain/dike material for later disposal. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
Methods for cleaning up	: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. If necessary (to allow for easy clean-up), absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
	In dry/powder state, completely remove dusts to prevent recirculation of crystalline silica. For small spills, clean with a vacuum with a filtration system sufficient to remove and prevent dust recirculation. For large spills, use a fine spray or mist to control dust creation and carefully scoop or shovel into clean, dry container for later reuse or disposal. DO NOT USE DRY SWEEPING OR COMPRESSED AIR TO

SECTION 7: Handling and stora 7.1. Precautions for safe handling	ge	
Additional hazards when processed Precautions for safe handling	:	Combustion may produce carbon monoxide and other harmful substances. Avoid dust, mist, and spray inhalation. DO NOT use compressed air or dry sweeping to remove dust from work area. Dusts should be removed using an appropriately equipped vacuum. If an appropriate vacuum is unavailable, only wet-clean-up methods should be used (i.e. wet sweeping, misting, etc.). Moisture should be added as necessary to reduce exposure to airborne respirable dust.
Hygiene measures	:	Practice good housekeeping. Wash thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated clothing. Do not reuse until laundered. Do not take silica contaminated clothing home.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	aing	any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	:	Containers should be stored in room at ambient temperature and pressure. Keep container closed when not in use.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Drywall Joint Compound - for finishing and repair

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)					
USA – ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.025 mg/m³ A2			
USA – ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Lung Cancer; Silicosis			
USA – OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ %SiO2+2			
USA – OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	250 mppcf %SiO2+2			
USA – OSHA	Remark (US OSHA)	(3) See Table Z-3.			

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Enclosed processes used in combination with local exhaust ventilation as necessary to control air contaminants at or below acceptable exposure guidelines. Collection systems must be designed and maintained to prevent the accumulation and recirculation of respirable silica into the workplace.
Personal protective equipment	:	Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
Hand protection	:	None required. Polymeric gloves are recommended to prevent irritation. Nitrile construction materials appear to offer the best protection against the ingredients of the product.



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Eye protection Skin and body protection

Respiratory protection

- : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
 - Under dusty, misty, spray conditions or when excessive skin contact is likely, wear coveralls or other suitable work clothing.
- : Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator equipped with particulate cartridges when dusty, misty, or spraying in poorly ventilated areas, and if exposure limits are exceeded. A respiratory program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. For exposures of crystalline silica up to 0.5 mg/m³ TWA, NIOSH recommends wearing any particulate respirator equipped with an N95, R95, or P95 filter, except quarter-mask respirators.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Solid
Appearance	:	Fine powder
Color	:	Off-white
Odor	:	Mild
Odor threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	Not applicable (pH 7.5 – 10 when mixed with water)
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	Not applicable
Boiling point	:	Not applicable
Flash point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.9 - 2.0 (water = 1)
Solubility	:	Less than 5%
Log Pow	:	No data available
Log Kow	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	No data available
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content (VOC of material) VOC content for the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) – Regulatory VOC (less water and exempts) : 0 g/L : 0 g/L

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not reactive under normal use and conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid generating dust, mist, or spray.



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10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion may produce carbon monoxide and other harmful substances.

ECTION 11: Toxicological inform	ation		
11.1. Information on toxicological effec	ts		
Acute toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity	 Not classified Not classified; pH 7.5-10 when mixed with water Not classified; pH 7.5-10 when mixed with water Not classified Not classified May cause cancer (inhalation). 		
Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)			
	1 - Carcinogenic to humans		
Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single exposu	: Not classified re) : Not classified		
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated expo	: May cause damage to organs (lungs/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).		
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified		
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Long-term dust exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disease. Persons who develop silicosis have greatly increased risks of developing tuberculosis and workers who are exposed to crystalline silica and smoke have increased risks of lung damage.		
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Direct contact may cause irritation, rash, or dry skin. Rubbing may intensify symptoms and create abrasions.		
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	 Particulate matter may scratch the cornea or cause other mechanical injury to the eye. Scratching or physical damage to the eyes can cause irritation, redness, pain, tear formation, blurred vision, and light sensitivity. 		
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion Chronic symptoms	 Practically non-toxic. Ingestion is not anticipated under normal working conditions. Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica over a number of years can cause lung disease (silicosis) and increase the risks of developing respiratory cancer. Silicosis is a progressive fibrotic pneumoconiosis which greatly decreases the ability of the lungs to provide oxygen (decreased pulmonary capacity). The disease may progress even if the worker is removed from exposure. The extent and severity of lung injury depends on a variety offactors including particle size, percentage of silica, natural resistance, dust concentration and length of exposure. Symptoms of silicosis include phlegm, coughing, and characteristic x-rays. 		

	ION 12: Ecological information
12.1.	Toxicity
Not	expected to be ecotoxic.
12.2.	Persistence and degradability
No a	additional information available
12.3.	Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil



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No additional information availab	ole.			
12.5. Other adverse effects				
Effect on the global warming	:	No known ecological damage cause	ed by this product.	
ECTION 13: Disposal cor	sidorations			
13.1. Waste treatment method				
Waste disposal recommendation		Dispose of as inert solid in landfill. D Federal environmental regulations. I Slurry may plug drains.		
ECTION 14: Transport inf	formation			
In accordance with DOT, not reg	ulated for transport.			
Additional information				
Other information	: /	No supplementary information avail	able.	
ADR				
No additional information availal	ole.			
Transport by sea				
No additional information availal	ole.			
Air transport				
No additional information availal	ble			
ECTION 15: Regulatory in	oformation			
15.1. US Federal regulations	normation			
-				
Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)				
Listed on the United States TSC	A (Toxic Substances Co	ontrol Act) inventory		
15.2. International regulations	3			
CANADA				
No additional information availal	ole.			
EU - Regulations				
No additional information availal	ble.			
Classification according to Reg	ulations (EC) No. 1272			
classification according to Reg				
Classification according to Dire	ctive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]		
Carc. Cat. 2; R22; R43; R49 Full text of R-phrases: see sect	ion 16			
15.2.2. National regulati	ons			
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate	unnecessary personnel.		
Crystalline Silica (14808	-60-7)			
Listed on IARC (Internation		on Cancer)		



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California – Proposition 65

This product may contain substances known to the State of California to cause cancer: Crystalline silica (airborne particulates of respirable size). Attapulgite Clay >5µm in length.

Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)

U.S. – Idaho – Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants – Acceptable Ambient Concentrations

:

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. – Washington – Permissible Exposure Limits – TWA's

U.S. – Massachusetts – Right to Know List

U.S. – Pennsylvania – Right to Know List

U.S. – Rhode Island – Right to Know List

SECTION 16: Other information

Data sources

ChemADVISOR, Inc.[https://www.chemadvisor.com]. GESTIS DNEL Database [http://dnelen.itrust.de/nxt/gateway.dll/dnel_en/000000.xml?f=templates\$fn=default.htm\$vid=dneleng:ddb eng\$3.0/].

Full text of H-phrases:	see section 16:
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run text of ri-prinases. See Section 10.	
Acute Tox.3 (Dermal)	Acute Toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox.3 (Inhalation)	Acute Toxicity (inhalation) Category 3
Acute Tox.3 (Oral)	Acute Toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox.4 (Dermal)	Acute Toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation: gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas) Category 2
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable Liquids Category 2
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H 341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
R22	Harmful if swallowed
R43	May cause sensitization by skin contact
R49	May cause cancer by inhalation



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- : 0 Materials that will not burn.
- : 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

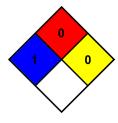
HMIS III Rating Health Flammability Physical **Personal Protection**

NFPA health hazard

NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

:	1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible
:	0 Minimal Hazard
:	0 Minimal Hazard
:	E



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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